

INTERPRETATION CENTER

BASIC IMAGERY INTERPRETATION REPORT

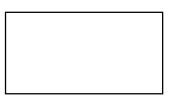
MOSKVA SOLID MOTOR PRODUCTION PLANT LYUBERTSY

25X1

STRATEGIC WEAPONS INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES
USSR

25X1

25X1



TOP SECRET
25X1
25X1
COPY NO 1 9 PAGES

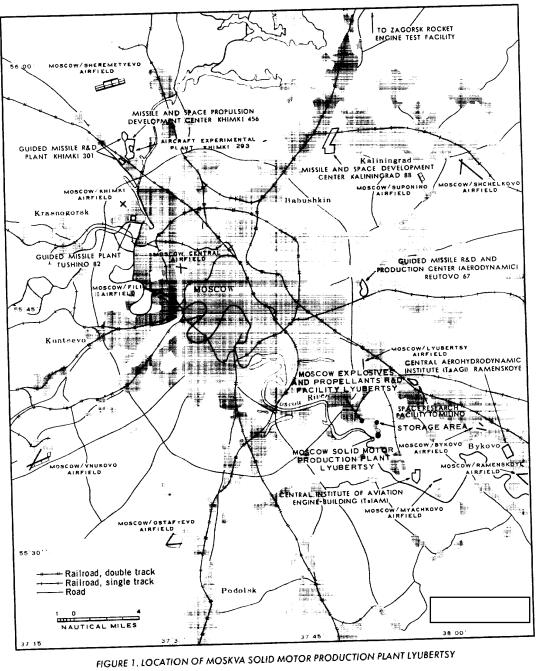
GROUP 1: EXCLUDED FROM AUTOMATIC DOWNGRADING

		TOD CE/	-DET			_	
	Approved F	TOP SEC For Release 200	3/68/d5	: CIA-RDP7	'8T04563A0	00800010	0001-8
INSTALLATION OR AC						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	COUNTRY
		roduction Plan	ıt Lyube	ertsy			UR
UTM COORDINATES NA		OON 037-51-35	CATEGOR	RY	f	—	NIETR NO
MAPREFERENCE A CIC TIC							
ACIC. US	AIU, Ser	<u>1es 200, She</u>	<u>et M01</u>	<u> 167-5HL.</u>	<u>3</u> d ed, J	ul 67, s	scale 1:200,000
LATEST IMAGERY USED				NEGATION DATE	i		
				NA			
							- A
			ABS.	TRACT			
1 7Ph.	. M C						
probable de	Muscow S	ona Motor Pi	roductio	n Plant L	yubertsy (consists o	of five areas: the
F	L DEDE-DESC	лооспань ягея	i ine nro	and and	anaaita mma	11 4	. 1
propellant	TITE CITIES IN	est cens, the n	ossible i	nondestru	ct test area	a, and the	rea, the test area e probable waste
			ination	ia	11 (1)		
and testing	facilities p	resent in the p	uncuon olant T	18 suggeste 'he facility	ed by the d	iversity (of the production
possib	ly considera	ably earlier.	mant. 1	ne racincy	was prop	abiy ope:	rational
3. Incl	uded in this	s report are a l	location	man a ni	actograph	a1 1º	drawings of the
~~~	TICUITO UICO	as of the 18 <i>t</i>	לאט לאווייו	71th tohis	0 + 0 0	. 1 1	
	TIO OF THAT AT	uuai siruciine	เรมทกม	n undata i	m tha abua	nological	ata, functional development of
the facility.	The informa	ation in this re	port is c	urrent thre	ough	-8	
				UCTION			
4. The	Moscow So	lid Motor Pro	duction	Plant Lv	ubertsy is	located (	on the northern
							1.6 nm to the he solid motor
roduction pl	ant, is 1.2 n	m to the north	west.	ry runctio	many rela	ted to the	he solid motor
5. Secui	ity at the ]	Lvubertsv site	is nrow	ided by a	wall and	o for	urrounding the
	· Incic are	two road entr	ances at	the north	wan and a eastern co	a tence s rner of +b	urrounding the ne facility; each
as a guardho	ouse.						ic racinty; each
				CRIPTION			
6. The	golid mot	_					
nnrovimetal	some mot	or plant at I	Lyubert	sy consis	ts of 85 o	tructura	e cituated
		or plant at I s (Figure 2).					
evelopment	facility but			obably a ne produc	soud rock tion capal	et motor bility. T]	research and he facility has
evelopment pproximately	facility but	t may incorpo	rate sor	obably a ne produc	tion capal	et motor bility. T	research and he facility has
evelopment pproximately ne capability otors. The s	facility but to produce mall size of	t may incorpo	rate sor	ne produc	solid rock tion capal of floorspa and comp	et motor bility. The ace and a posite pro	research and he facility has ppears to have pellant rocket
evelopment oproximately ne capability otors. The s	facility but to produce mall size of	t may incorpo	rate sor	ne produc	solid rock tion capal of floorspa and comp	et motor bility. The ace and a posite pro	research and he facility has ppears to have pellant rocket

and are described below.

delineated on Figure 3 to facilitate discussion of the facility; five of these areas are key areas

7. Eleven structures in the facility are equipped with large gantry cranes, indicating that those structures are involved with the handling of heavy rocket motors and components at various stages of production and testing. The large number and size of the gantry cranes might be explained by the necessity for more handling equipment because of the lack of rail transportation or by the handling problems which might be encountered if rocket motors were being cast into heavy, reusable steel cases. None of the other Soviet



25X1

rocket motor facilities has such a large number of cranes. Three rocket motor test cells are located in a valley. Test cell 1 (item 27, Figure 3) fires north toward the southern side of the earthen barricade that isolates the probable waste propellant disposal area. A smaller blast deflector serves test cells 2 and 3 (items 32 and 33).

## **Key Areas**

# Probable Double-Base Propellant Area

- 8. Buildings apparently associated with propellant mixing and casting in the probable double-base propellant area and in the probable composite propellant area were among the first to be constructed at the Lyubertsy solid motor production plant.
- 9. The probable double-base propellant area consists of five processing buildings. Ingredients storage and/or preparation functions for double-base casting probably are handled in a building (item 47), which is connected by a covered walkway to the probable casting powder preparation building (item 53). This building is linked by another covered walkway to a heavily barricaded casting building (item 55). Immediately to the west of the casting building barricade is a mound through which the cast motors are hauled after leaving the main barricade. This configuration, excluding item 47, is similar to the arrangement of the probable double-base casting powder preparation building and one of the probable casting buildings at Kamensk-Shakhtinskiy Chemical Combine 101.1 Both buildings were present in mid-1962, but it is possible that the double-base casting arrangement at the Lyubertsy plant may predate the one at Kamensk-Shakhtinskiy.
- 10. After emerging from the casting building, the motors probably are moved to the finishing building (item 52) where mold disassembly and mandrel removal processes may be accomplished. This building is also similar to a building at Kamensk-Shakhtinskiy Chemical Combine 101 which was identified as a probable mold disassembly and mandrel removal building. Machining and other finishing processes probably take place in the finishing building, item 50.

# **Probable Composite Propellant Area**

- 11. This area has been identified as the probable composite propellant area because of the appearance of the processing buildings in the area five of which are heavily barricaded, and because test cell 1 in the test area is nearly identical to a section of the large test cell at Kemorove Solid Propellant Rocket Motor Test Facility. It also is similar to the large test cell at the Krasnoarmeysk Solid Motor Development Facility. Both the Kemerovo and Krasnoarmeysk facilities are believed to be composite propellant rocket motor producers.
- 12. The probable composite propellant area appears to have two separate mixing and casting lines. One line consists of a probable ingredients preparation and mix building (item 10) and a probable casting building (item 11). The second consists of a probable ingredients preparation and mix building (item 8) and a probable casting building (item 7). Item 9 may serve as a magazine for intermediate storage of partially processed composite propellant rocket motors, or the building could be used for the curing of small rocket motors. Three curing buildings at the composite propellant rocket motor production area in Kamensk-Shakhtinskiy are similar in size and configuration to the possible magazine/curing building at Lyubertsy.⁴
- 13. The probable temperature conditioning and motor finishing building (item 14) was the latest major building constructed in the probable composite propellant area. The southern end of the building is divided into three equal-sized bays, which probably function as the temperature conditioning section. Three pipes on the roof of the building connect the low bay on the eastern side with each of three bays.
- 14. If the large number and the size of gantry cranes in the facility are necessary because of the weight of the rocket motors being handled, and the weight is attributed in part to the use of heavy reuseable casings, it might then be advantageous to have a case preparation building near the test cells for easy transfer of the heavy rocket motor cases after test firing for cleaning and preparation for reuse. A possible case preparation building (item 35) was constructed during the same time period that the double-base and composite mixing and casting buildings were built; it is served by a large gantry crane and appears

Approved For Release 2003/08/05 : CIA-RDP78T04563A000800010001-8

physically capable of handling case preparation functions. Two storage/support buildings (items 36 and 37) may support this preparation building.

#### Possible Nondestruct Test Area

15. An area on the western side of the facility is designated the possible nondestruct test area where ultrasonic or radiographic motor inspection could take place. The area consists of four major buildings, three of which are heavily and individually barricaded and serviced by one large gantry crane (items 2, 3, and 4). Each building is connected by pipe or cable to a protected control house within the western barricade. The fourth building (item 1) is a drive-through, A-frame structure.

## Probable Waste Propellant Disposal Area

16. The area identified as a probable waste propellant disposal area is the best candidate for that function in the facility. The area is bounded on three sides by high natural barricades with a building at the open side. Other Soviet waste propellant disposal areas are remote and are barricaded so that no hazard to nearby structures is likely. A control building usually is present.

#### **Test Area**

- 17. The principal facilities in the test area are the three test cells, Figure 3. Test cell 1 is the largest and is similar to the larger part of the dual position test cell at the Kemerovo Solid Propellant Rocket Motor Test Facility and to the large test cell at the Krasnoarmeysk Solid Motor Development Facility.
- 18. Test cell 2 has similarities to the four test cells at Leningrad Solid Propellant Rocket Motor Test Facility 1.⁵ In particular, the flared configuration of the firing end of test cell 2 at Lyubertsy resembles the construction of the firing end of the four Leningrad test cells.
- 19. There are no other known Soviet test cells like test cell 3. It is, however, somewhat similar to the test position at the horizontal test site at Pei-ching Guided Missile Development and Production Center, Chang-hsin-tien, China.

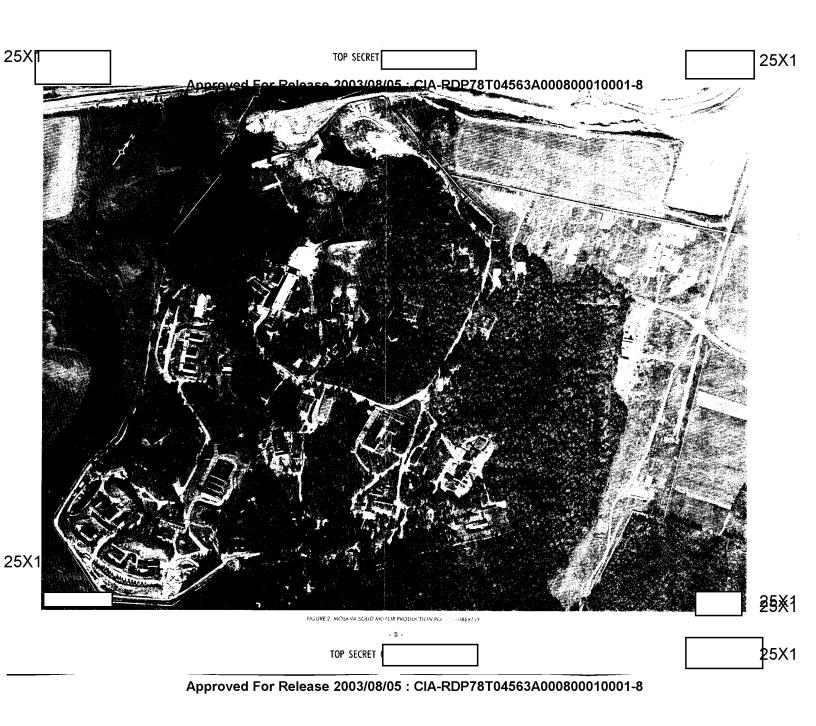
20. It is possible that a solid propellant research and development program may have

### Chronology

composite propellant areas were present, as well as several support structures. Double-base propellant production structures present in 1962 included the probable casting powder preparation building (item 53), the casting building (item 55), the finishing building (item 52), and a support building (item 51). Elements of the probable composite propellant are included both probable ingredients preparation and mix buildings (items 8 and 10) and both probable casting buildings (item 7 and 11), the possible magazine/curing building (item 9), and a warehouse (item 5). In addition, the possible rocket motor case preparation	25X1	begun at the nearby Moscow Explosives and Propellant R&D Facility, Lyubertsy (Figure 1) with small-scale bench testing of solid propellant formulations. The program could then have progressed to the construction of experimental solid propellant casting plants and test facilities at the Moscow Solid Motor Production Plant, Lyubertsy, where larger research and development experiments could be carried out. Examination of established the fact that no structures were then present in the area now occupied by the Moscow Solid Motor Production Plant, Lyubertsy.	] 25X1
photography indicated that most of the structures in the probable double-base and composite propellant areas were present, as well as several support structures. Double-base propellant production structures present in 1962 included the probable casting powder preparation building (item 53), the casting building (item 55), the finishing building (item 52), and a support building (item 51). Elements of the probable composite propellant are included both probable ingredients preparation and mix buildings (items 8 and 10) and both probable casting buildings (item 7 and 11), the possible magazine/curing building (item 9), and a warehouse (item 5). In addition, the possible rocket motor case preparation	25X1	Present in	
Dullaning (110mm + 7 mm )	25X1	21. The first interpretable coverage of the facility on photography indicated that most of the structures in the probable double-base and composite propellant areas were present, as well as several support structures. Double-base propellant production structures present in 1962 included the probable casting powder preparation building (item 53), the casting building (item 55), the finishing building (item 52), and a support building (item 51). Elements of the probable composite propellant area included both probable ingredients preparation and mix buildings (items 8 and 10) and both probable casting buildings (item 7 and 11), the possible magazine/curing building (item 9), and a warehouse (item 5). In addition, the possible rocket motor case preparation building (item 35) was present in 1962.	25X1

Approved For Release 2003/08/05 : CIA-RDP78T04563A000800010001-8

22. The probable waste propellant disposal area (Figure 3) was present at the northern end of the facility. The area consists of a probable burning pit isolated from the remainder of the facility on three sides by a high barricade. Support elements present in 1962 included



Approved For ReTQPe \$6636505 : CIA-RDP78T04563A000800010001-8

PROB WASTE PROPELLANT
DISPOSAL AREA CYLINDRICAL OBJECTS AND OPEN STORAGE SUPPORT AREA NEWLY SECURED AREA NONDESTRUCT UNID CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY OBSERVED IN MAR 70 O46 PROB DOUBLE-BASE PROPELLANT AREA 50 TRENCH PROB COMPOSITE PROPELLANT AREA □13 Road Trench -UNID AREA Fence -W- Wall Pipeline CONSTRUCTION Covered walkway or conveyer Barricade Gantry crane Present in 1962 Completed between □ Completed between FEET (APPROX) □ Completed between

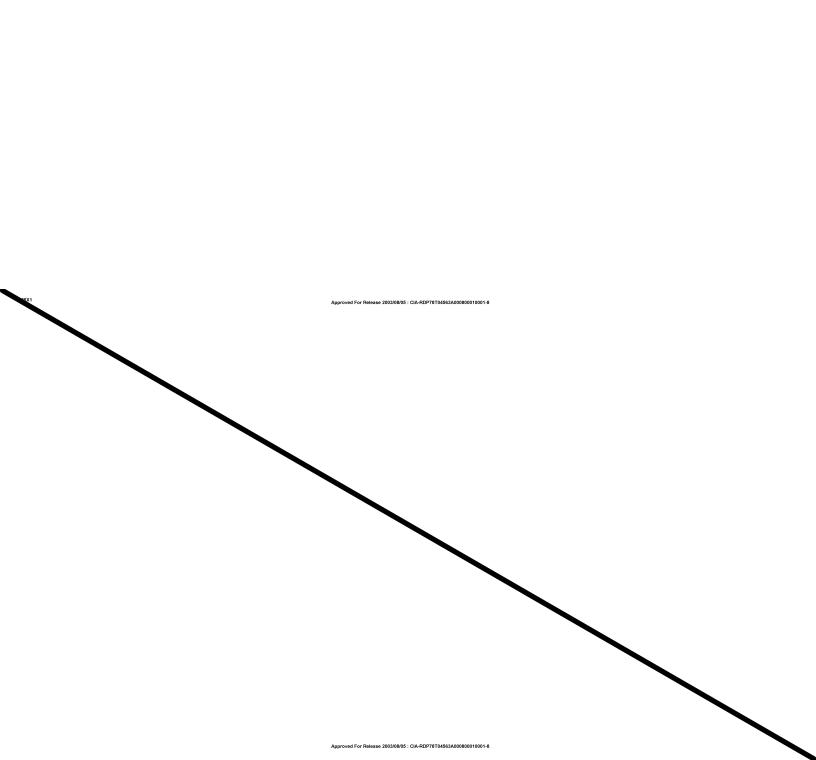
FIGURE 3. LAYOUT OF MOSKVA SOLID MOTOR PRODUCTION PLANT LYUBERTSY

Approved For Release 2002/08/95 : CIA-RDP78T04563A000800010001-8

25X1

25X1 25X1

25X1



Approved For RQPassE2005708/05 : CIA-RDP78T04563A000800010001-8
the steamplant (item 15), administration or administration/engineering buildings (items 2 and 43), and a warehouse (item 44).
23. Most structures in the facility appeared complete and were probably operation by or earlier. Significant structures observed complete on photograph included the probable ingredients storage/preparation building (item 47) and the finishing building (item 50) in the probable double-base propellant area, the four principal building in the possible nondestruct test area (items 1-4), and the three test cells (items 27, 31, and 32).
24. The most important structure built during this period was the probable temperature conditioning and motor finishing building (item 14). The only other structure completed during this period were support buildings, primarily in the vicinity of test cell. Other significant construction started during this period occurred on the east side of the facility, where the secured area was expanded. Expansion activity was first observed of photography. By the security wall delineating the new area has been nearly completed, and early construction activity at two points was observed (Figur 3).
facility. Other construction in the area consisted of a building in the early stage of construction and an unidentified area of construction. A building was also undeconstruction in the probable composite propellant area. The support area on the norther side of the facility has been expanded to include an open storage area.  Production Activity
26. The only evidence of production to date consists of 28 cylindrical objects, possible
canisters, approximately , that were located in the newl secured part of the support area in the northern part of the plant on
Essential Services
27. The support area in the center of the facility consists of four buildings: steamplant (item 15), a probable storage building (item 19), a probable engineering building (item 20), and an administrative/engineering building (item 21). The probable source of power is the Moscow Heat and Power Plant, Lyubertsy TETS 22, 1.8 nm west of the facility.
28. The facility is not served by rail, but there is an apparently heavy-duty roanetwork. Materials apparently are received and some of them probably stored in the support area surrounding the gate entrance. A warehouse (item 44) is located outside of the old security wall and fence. The long, separately secured storage building (item 40) may bused for storing flammable ingredients.
29. The probable storage building (item 19) has a gantry crane at its northern end an could be used for storage of rocket motors prior to testing. Items 20 and 21 appear to be use for research and engineering functions, and items 23 and 43 appear to serve a administrative function.
30. A previously unidentified building (item 45) may be a laboratory building. A building similar in size and configuration is located at the probable composite modified double-base plants at Biysk Solid Propellant Rocket Motor Test and Propellant Production